

ABSTRACT

The symbol points of a received signal can be more precisely measured. A symbol point estimating apparatus (1), which estimates the symbol points of a received signal $z(k)$ by deciding a time delay τ between sampling points of the received signal $z(k)$ as sampled at a sampling frequency f_s and the symbol points of the received signal $z(k)$, comprises a multiplication/sum of products output unit (10) for outputting a sum of products $Ae^{j\theta}$ of respective products $Y(n) = Z(n)R(n)^*$ obtained by multiplying a complex conjugate $R(n)^*$ of a frequency component $R(n)$ of an ideal signal $r(k)$ by a frequency component $Z(n)$ of the received signal $z(k)$ and a sampling angular frequency $\Delta\omega (= 2\pi f_s/N$, where N is an error component calculation length between the ideal signal $r(k)$ and the received signal $z(k)$); and a time delay determining unit (20) for determining, based on the output of the multiplication/sum of products output unit (10), the time delay τ such that an error component EVM between the ideal signal $r(k)$ and the received signal $z(k)$ is minimized.